# **Y-12**

# OAK RIDGE Y-12 PLANT

MARTIN MARIETTA

INVENTORY OF DISPOSALS

CONDUCTED IN

THE CHESTNUT RIDGE SECURITY PIT

February 1973 through March 1984

Production Optimization Department

July 13, 1984\*

\*Work performed prior to April 1, 1984, by Union Carbide Corporation Nuclear Division for the U.S. Department of Energy under Contract W-7405-eng-26.



MANAGED BY
MARTIN MARIETTA ENERGY SYSTEMS, INC.
FOR THE UNITED STATES
DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

### INTRODUCTION

This report is being issued to provide an unclassified inventory of the Chestnut Ridge Security Pit (also known as the Polecat Ridge Security Pit or Security Pit #2). This report was not requested in the May 26, 1983, Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) between the Department of Energy, Environmental Protection Agency, and the Tennessee Department of Health and Environment, but was requested in the September 15, 1983, Complaint and Order by James E. Word, Commissioner, Tennessee Department of Health and Environment. To satisfy the Complaint and Order, the Y-12 Plant issued unclassified document Y/DS-166, Revision 2, "Preliminary Chestnut Ridge Security Pit Inventory," September 28, 1983. Since document Y/DS-166, Revision 2, was preliminary, this document, Y/DS-191, provides a final report.

Disposals described in this report are current through March 1984.

#### HIGHLIGHTS

- --The Chestnut Ridge Security Pit is located south of the main Y-12 Plant on the hill behind Buildings 9201-1 and 9204-1 inside a single security fence.
- --Use of this security pit for classified disposals started in February 1973. Disposals are continuing today.
- --Materials buried are predominantly uranium and uranium alloys, ferrous materials, thorium, and debris.
- --Total quantity buried is approximately 4000 tons.

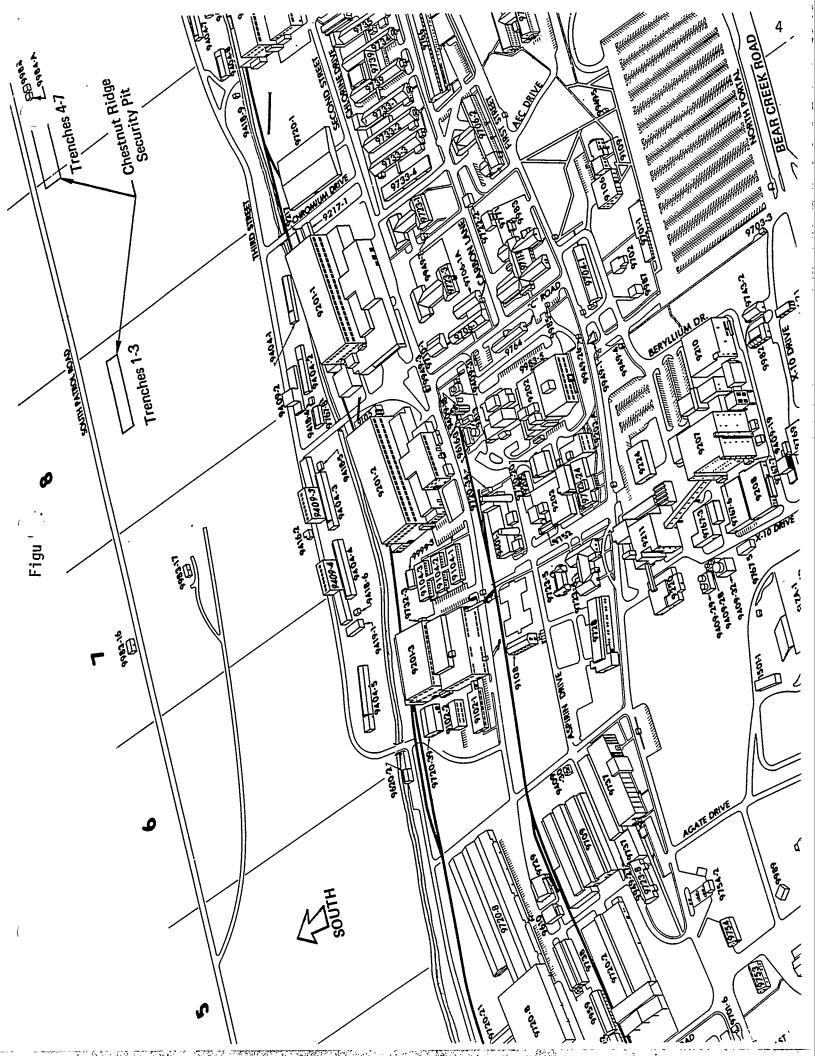
#### **HISTORY**

The Chestnut Ridge Security Pit area is the third below-ground disposal area within the Y-12 Plant used for burial of classified items. The first two areas were the Coal-Pile Security Pit west of the 9401-3 Steam Plant and the Beta-4 Security Pit northwest of Building 9204-4. Disposals to these two sites were reported in unclassified document Y/DS-164, Revision 2, "Coal-Pile Burial During 1965/1966," December 21, 1983; and in unclassified document Y/DS-180, "Beta-4 Security Pit Documented Disposals Inventory," April 11, 1984.

By 1972 available space at the Beta-4 Security Pit was becoming filled, so the Y-12 Plant requested permission from the then-Atomic Energy Commission (AEC) to open a new security pit area on Chestnut Ridge. This permission was granted in a letter from H. D. Hickman to J. M. Case, "Classified Burial Ground," August 17, 1972.

#### BACKGROUND

The Chestnut Ridge Security Pit is located south of the main Y-12 Plant on a hill behind Buildings 9201-1 and 9204-1. The security pit consists of trenches in two separate areas as shown on Figure 1 (page 4). Figures 2



through 5 (pages 6 through 9) are photographs of the areas as they appeared in September 1983.

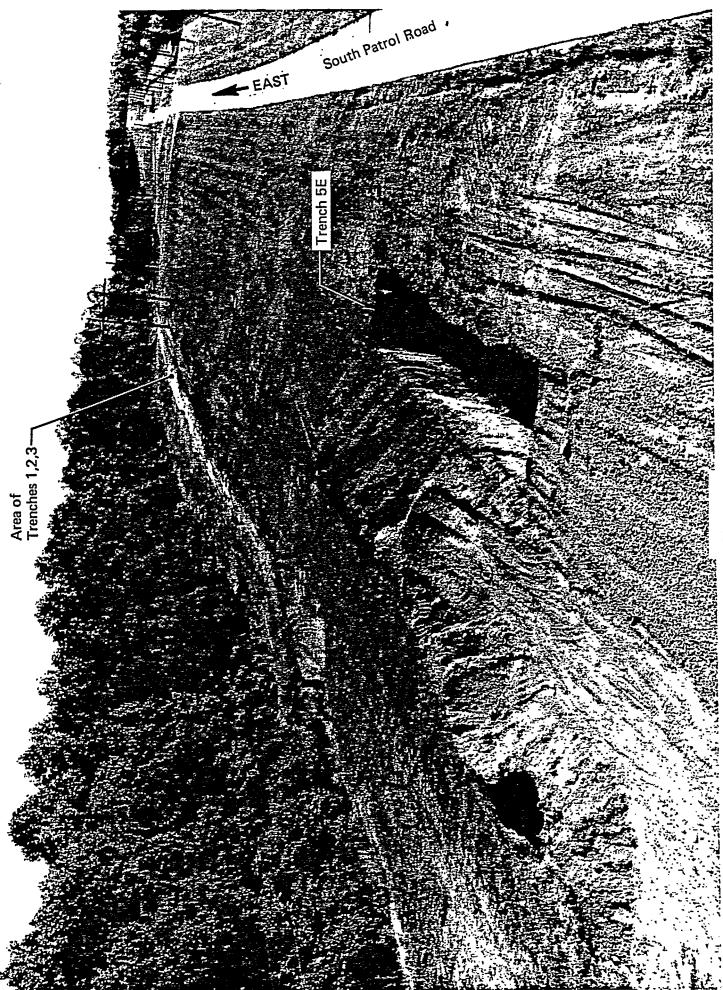
The eastern area has three separate disposal trenches that have been filled and are inactive; some minor landscaping is incomplete. These three inactive trenches were designated as numbers 1, 2, and 3 for disposal purposes. The western area has two active trenches in use today. These two active trenches are designated as 5E and 5W. The current design for the western area shows that trenches 5E and 5W will eventually become a single trench, number 5, and that trenches 4, 6, and 7 can be added.

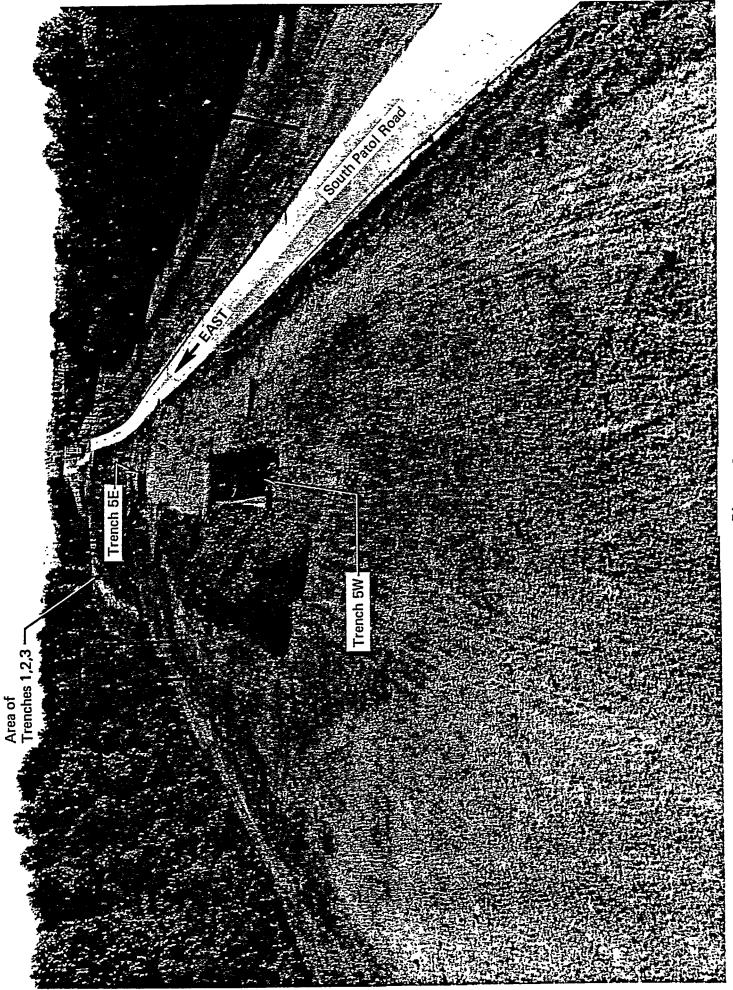
For the inactive trenches in the eastern area, trench number 1 was approximately 700 feet long and active from February 1973 through December 1977. Trench number 2 was approximately 720 feet long and active from December 1977 through January 1981. Trench number 3 was approximately 690 feet long and active from January 1981 through December 1982. All three trenches were approximately 8 to 10 feet wide and 10 to 12 feet deep. Each trench was discontinuous in length by approximately 18 feet because of the existence of an underground cable lying transverse to the trench lengths. Associated with these three trenches are six auger holes, each approximately 2 feet in diameter x 10 feet deep. Two of these are still active. The auger holes are used for disposal of particularly reactive materials. Most disposals have consisted of powder mixtures. A detailed layout of the eastern area of the Chestnut Ridge Security Pit is available on Y-12 Plant sketch D-1116.

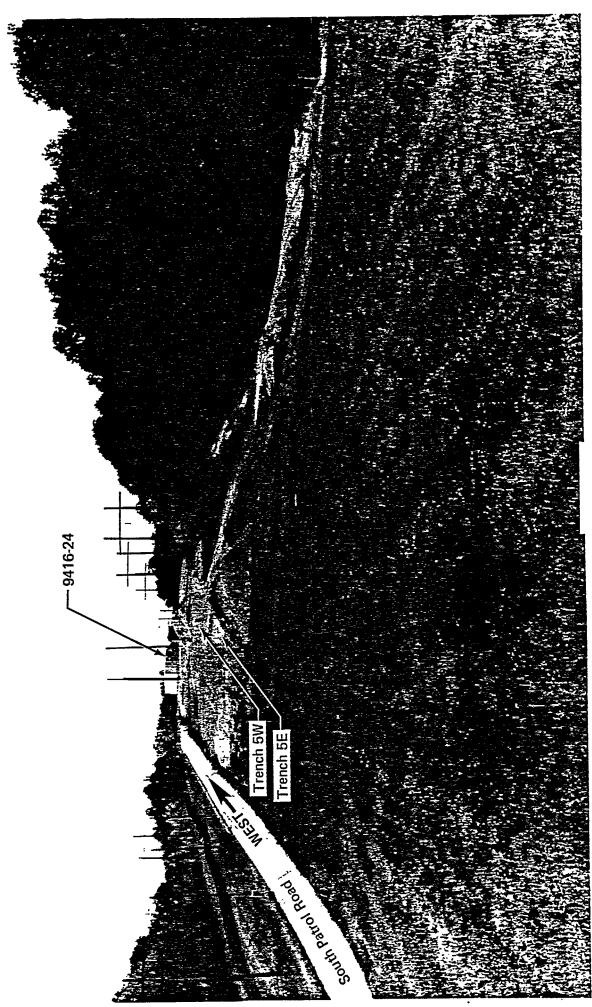
In the active western area, trenches 5E and 5W are also approximately 8 to 10 feet wide and 10 to 12 feet deep. They have been in use since December 1982.

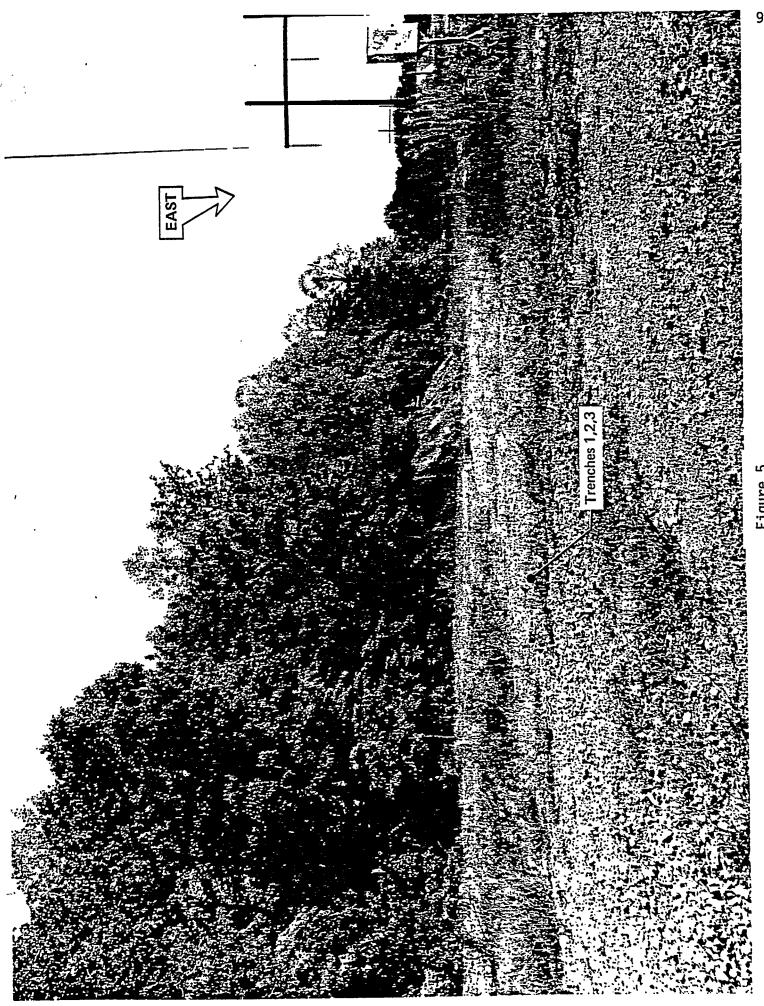
Material has not been indiscriminately dumped and buried in the trenches. The trenches have been segregated such that similar materials are generally buried in the same location over a long period of time. In the currently active trenches, 5E and 5W, depleted uranium materials are being buried in 5E and non-uranium materials such as steel and aluminum are being buried in 5W. In inactive trenches 1, 2, and 3, at least 16 distinct areas, each for a specific material category, were used.

The method used to fill the various trenches in the Chestnut Ridge Security Pit is based on a section of the trench in use being excavated when needed. Each excavation is usually about 30 feet long. As disposals are required, classified loads are carried by truck to the trench excavations and dumped. The classified debris is covered that day with 6 to 12 inches of fill dirt that was originally dug up when the section was excavated. Alternating layers of classified waste and covering dirt are built up over a period of weeks, or months, until the section is almost full. At this point, 3 to 6 feet of fill dirt are used to close the section and level it with the ground. A new section is then excavated and the old section is seeded. No special preparation or techniques are used in an attempt to prevent trench leakage. The soil in both plots, which was categorized by analysis prior to opening, has a clay-like composition to the depth of the trenches. A monitoring well is in operation adjacent to the Chestnut Ridge Security Pit area. Water samples are collected and analyzed quarterly. The Chestnut Ridge Security Pit









area will be included in a study to be performed by an outside contractor to determine the need for and placement of additional monitoring wells.

#### RECORDS

Records from the Y-12 Plant Maintenance Division provided most of the quantitative source data and the material descriptions reported herein. These records are:

- 1. "Trip Log of Unserviceable Material and Equipment" (UCN-2418)
- "Request for Disposal of Hazardous Chemicals, Gases and Radioactive Materials" (UCN-2109)
- 3. "Request for Disposal of Classified Equipment and Materials" (UCN-6538)
- 4. A Kardex File showing "Blanket" (routine) disposals
- 5. Maintenance Division Monthly Activity Reports
- 6. Maintenance Division Monthly Disposal Summaries
- 7. Maintenance Division Classified Disposal Summaries

Records 1, 4, 5, 6, and 7 were initiated and completed within the Maintenance Division. Records 2 and 3 were initiated and partially completed by the requesting areas within the Y-12 Plant and completed by the Maintenance Division.

All available UCN-2109s and UCN-6538s through August 1983, the Kardex File, and the Classified Disposal Summaries, irrespective of indicated disposal site, were transcribed into a computer data base. The UCN-2418s were statistically sampled. The sampling technique was reported in a letter from G. G. Fee to H. D. Hickman, "Statistical Methods Used During the inventorying of Y-12 Plant Burial Grounds," September 2, 1983. Altogether, records of over 100,000 disposals were examined and computerized, of which approximately 3900 were applicable to the Chestnut Ridge Security Pit. The remaining records were used in preparation of other reports.

#### TYPE OF MATERIALS

At least the following materials are buried in the Chestnut Ridge Security Pit:

1. Depleted Uranium and	5. Magnesium	12. Zirconium
Depleted Uranium Alloys	6. Steel	13. Alcohol
2. Depleted Uranium-	7. Aluminum	14. Thoria
contaminated Debris	8. Thorium	<pre>15. Polycarbonate</pre>
3. Thorium-contaminated	9. Arsenic	16. Computer Discs
Debris	10. Plastic	17. Honeycomb
4. Polyvinyl Chloride	11. Lead	18. Lithium Hydride
7. 101711171 011101 100	<del></del> ·	<u>-</u>

<ol> <li>Beryllium</li> <li>Classified Materials</li> <li>Beryllium-contaminated Debris</li> <li>Beryllium Oxide</li> <li>Enriched Uranium-contaminated Debris</li> <li>Organic Ammonium Compounds</li> </ol>	27. Foam 28. Carbon 29. Kevlar 30. Badges 31. Copper 32. Brass 33. Nickel 34. Epoxies 35. Micarta	37. Aqueous Solutions 38. Tantalum 39. Lithium Deuteride 40. Polyurethane 41. Tungsten Alloy 42. Polystyrene 43. Typewriter Ribbons 44. Enriched Uranium 45. Video Tapes
Compounds 25. 1,1,1 Trichloroethane 26. Titanium	35. Micarta 36. Wood	45. Video Tapes 46. Silicone Rubber

Some disposals of these materials have origins other than the Y-12 Plant. The responsible outside organizations, material descriptions, and weights are shown in Table 1 (page 12). The greatest amount, 401,139 pounds (201 tons), came from the Bendix Corporation, Kansas City, Missouri.

The preponderance of the Y-12 Plant-generated waste is in the form of solid metal components--machining fixtures, formed or machined weapons parts, gages, shipping containers, etc. Much of the debris consists of solids such as contaminated gloves, bottles, and bags; badges; computer tapes; etc. Lesser amounts of materials are in the form of powders such as lithium hydride, beryllium oxide, etc. Disposals of liquids such as dilute hydrochloric acid, mineral oil, alcohol, etc., represent a very small amount.

All materials buried in the Chestnut Ridge Security Pit have been categorized into 11 major categories, which are consistent with those categories reported in SRD document Y/DS-174, "Bear Creek Burial Ground Documented Disposal Inventory (U)," January 31, 1984. The 11 major categories are:

1.	Acids	5.	Debris	9.	Thorium
2.	Fiberglas	6.	Heavy Metals	10.	Unknown
3.	Beryllium	7.	Inorganics	11.	Uranium
4.	Biologicals	8.	Organics		

These categories, with associated subcategories, are shown in Table 2 (page 13).

## QUANTITY OF MATERIALS

Quantitative data used in this report were taken from five record sources:

- 1. Statistical Sample (1973-1979)
- 2. Kardex File (1973-1979)
- 3. Classified Disposal Summaries (1980-1984)
- 4. Monthly Disposal Summaries (1973-1984)
- Activity Reports (1973-1984)

The Statistical Sample and the Kardex File share the same origin--the "Trip Log[s] of Unserviceable Material and Equipment" (UCN-2418). The use of UCN-2418s was discontinued in March 1980 and replaced by the Classified Disposal

Table 1

CLASSIFIED DISPOSALS FROM OUTSIDE ORGANIZATIONS

Material Description	From	Amount	Disposal Date
Waste Waste Waste Waste Waste Waste Reactor Components Enriched Uranium-contaminated Gas Cylinders Containing Contaminated Gas Waste Dep. & Enr. Uranium Oxides Zircaloy Parts Dep. & Enr. U Oxides & Th Oxide Steel Parts Vaste Waste	Bendix Bendix Bendix Bendix Bendix Bendix Knolls Lab Bendix Knolls Lab Bettis Lab Knolls Lab Bettis Lab Knolls Lab Bettis Lab Bettis Lab Bettis Lab Bettis Lab Bettis Lab Bettis Lab Sm 3M Bendix Bettis Lab Woven Structures 3M Bettis Lab Bettis Lab Sm	151,680 1b 56,172 1b 38,240 1b 38,240 1b 52,720 1b 13,625 1b 5,704 1b 591 1b 591 1b 591 1b 530 1b 235 1b 584 1b 5340 1b 43,027 1b 43,027 1b 3,400 1b 7,700 1b 2,764 1b 8,986 1b 11,914 1b	03/??/73 06/??/73 06/??/73 12/??/74 10/27/77 11/08/77 11/08/77 12/??/78 06/28/79 08/14/80 09/19/81 04/14/81 04/19/81 04/19/81 04/19/81 04/19/81 04/19/81 04/19/81
Total (excluding two entries without quantity information)	ntity information)	493,942 (247 tons)	(su

Table 2
MATERIAL GROUPS

Major Groups	Subgroups	Additional Subgroups
Acids	Inorganic Acid	
Fiberglas	Fiberglas	
Beryllium	Beryllium Beryllium-contaminated	
Biological	Biological	,
Debris	Debris	
Heavy Metals	Arsenic Lead	
Inorganics	Alkaline Metal Ammonium Radical Carbon Copper Ferrous Other Inorganic Rare Earth Refractory Metal Tin	
Organics	Aliphatic	Alcohol Aliphatic Hydrocarbon
Organics	Cyclic	Aromatic Hydrocarbon
Organics	Synthetic High Polymer	
Organics	0i1	Petroleum Oil
Organics	Other Unknown Organic	
Thorium	Thorium Thorium-contaminated	
Unknown	Unknown	
Uranium	Uranium Depleted Uranium-contaminated Enriched Uranium-contaminated	

Summaries. The Monthly Disposal Summaries show gross totals developed from the first three sources. Two of the other record sources mentioned earlier—The "Request[s] for Disposal of Hazardous Chemicals, Gases and Radioactive Materials" (UCN-2109) and the "Request[s] for Disposal of Classified Equipment and Materials" (UCN-6538) tended to provide better material descriptions than the UCN-2418s but generally lacked good quantitative information. However, quantitative data for the UCN-2109 and UCN-6538 disposals were shown on the UCN-2418s and, thus, statistically sampled, and from March 1980, were included in the Classified Disposal Summaries.

Data developed from the Statistical Sample, from the Kardex File, and from the Classified Disposal Summaries were categorized by material, while data in the Maintenance Division Monthly Disposal Summaries show gross totals to particular disposal sites without regard to material type.

Table 3 (page 15) shows the combined data from the Statistical Sample, from the Kardex File, from the Classified Disposal Summaries, and from the Activity Reports. This combined sum represents the total disposal quantity. Table 4 (page 16) shows the gross totals from the Monthly Disposal Summaries. The total tonnage agreement between Tables 3 and 4, 3956 tons and 3511 tons, respectively, appears statistically reasonable.

Of the estimated tonnage to the Chestnut Ridge Security Pit, uranium represents approximately 1740 tons (44%), ferrous materials represent approximately 501 tons (13%), thorium represents approximately 444 tons (11%), debris represents approximately 390 tons (10%), and other inorganics—aluminum, magnesium, titanium, etc.—represent approximately 383 tons (10%). Approximately 156 tons (4%) are in the unknown category. All the remaining categories represent approximately 343 tons (9%).

Of the 3900 entries in Table 3 (page 15), 128 (3.3%) lack quantity information. Because of the good agreement between the two tonnage numbers mentioned earlier and because of our involvement with the disposal records, the tonnage represented for these 128 entries is estimated to be small.

Table 3

TOTAL DISPOSAL QUANTITIES TO CHESTNUT RIDGE SECURITY PIT

Quantitative Data Derived from the Statistical Sample, the Kardex File, the Classified Disposal Summaries, and the Activity Reports

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	Total Number of Entries	Toťal Estimated Quantity (tons)
Alcohol	2	
Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	5	2.20
Alkaline Metal	62	0.84
Ammonium Radical	210	29.81
Aromatic Hydrocarbon	5	
Arsenic	1	
Beryllium	106	57.73
Beryllium-contaminated	12	
Biological	12	2.35
Carbon	56	15.65
Copper	14	
Debris	891	389.65
Depleted Uranium-contaminated	35	
Enriched Uranium-contaminated	7	
Ferrous	572	501.23
Fiberglas	1	
Inorganic Acid	2	
Lead	11	
Material from Bendix	21	200.00
Other Inorganic	536	382.50
Petroleum Öil	3	
Rare Earth	1	
Refractory Metal	13	
Synthetic High Polymer	217	34.30
Thorium	171	444.02
Thorium-contaminated	14	
Tin	1	
Unknown	248	155.86
Unknown Organic	4	
Uranium	667	<u>1740.09</u>
Tota1	3900	3956.23

Table 4 TOTAL DISPOSAL QUANTITIES TO CHESTNUT RIDGE SECURITY PIT

Quantitative Data from the Maintenance Division Monthly Disposal Summaries

Year	Pounds
1973	436,462 <sup>1</sup>
1974	321,271
1975	465,361
1976	394,682
1977	557,566
1978	897,119
1979	385,223 <sup>1</sup>
1980	490,447
1981	731,782
1982	1,034,299
1983	1,169,978
1984	138,310
Total	7,022,500 (3511.25 tons)

Data for 1 of 12 reporting periods missing. Data for 2 of 12 reporting periods missing. Through February 1984.

# Distribution:

- H. L. Bailey, 9739, MS-3 H. C. Beeson, 9704-2, MS-22 T. R. Butz, 9704-1, MS-1 R. L. Dagley, 9706-2, MS-1 W. H. Dodson, 9202, MS-5

- H. D. Hickman, DOE-ORO (2) J. M. Mills, Jr., 9731, MS-2 T. C. Myhre, 9766, MS-9 RC

- C. C. Niemeier, 9720-6, MS-1 J. C. White, 9704-2, MS-19 W. J. Yaggi, 9212, MS-2 Y-12 Central Files (4)